International Law Association Rules on International Groundwaters Seoul, 1988

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Article 1

The waters of international aquifers¹

The waters of an aquifer that is intersected by the boundary between two or more States are international groundwaters and such an aquifer with its waters forms an international basin or part thereof. Those States are basin States within the meaning of the Helsinki Rules whether or not the aquifer and its waters form with surface waters part of a hydraulic system flowing into a common terminus.

Article 2

Hydraulic interdependence

- 1. An aquifer that contributes water to, or receives water from, surface waters of an international basin constitutes part of that international basin for the purposes of the Helsinki Rules.
- 2. An aquifer intersected by the boundary between two or more States that does not contribute water to, or receive water from, surface waters of an international drainage basin constitutes an international drainage basin for the purpose of the Helsinki Rules.
- 3. Basin States, in exercising their rights and performing their duties under international law, shall take into account any interdependence of the groundwater and other waters, including any interconnections between aquifers, and any leaching into aquifers caused by activities in areas under their jurisdiction.

Article 3

Protection of groundwater

1. Basin States shall prevent or abate the pollution of international groundwaters in accordance with international law applicable to existing, new, increased and highly dangerous pollution. Special consideration shall be given to the long-term effects of the pollution of groundwater.

¹ The term "aquifer" as here employed comprehends all underground water bearing strata capable of yielding water on practicable basis, whether these are in other instruments or contexts called by another name such as "groundwater reservoir", "groundwater catchment area", etc. including the waters in fissured or fractured rock formations and structures containing deep, so-called "fossil waters".

- 2. Basin States shall consult and exchange relevant available information and data at the request of any one of them:
 - (a) for the purpose of preserving the groundwaters of the basin from degradation and protecting from impairment the geologic structure of the aquifers, including recharge areas;
 - (b) for the purpose of considering joint or parallel quality standards and environmental protection measures applicable to international groundwaters and their aquifers.
- 3. Basin States shall co-operate, at the request of any one of them, for the purpose of collecting and analyzing additional needed information and data pertinent to the international groundwaters or their aquifers.

Article 4

Groundwater management and surface waters

Basin States should consider the integrated management, including conjunctive use with surface waters, of their international groundwaters at the request of any one of them.

